

Name: _____ Period: _____ Number: OD-_____

DIRECTIONS: Use your textbook pages 709 - 712 to fill in the following blanks using the words in this box.

technology	refining gasoline	farmers
gross national product (GNP)	productivity	electricity
scientific management	Detroit, Michigan	recession
welfare capitalism	trucks	Henry Ford
prices	glass	

Growth in the 1920's

After World War I, the American economy experienced a downturn, or (1) _____, that lasted about two years. In 1922 the (2) _____ was \$70 billion; by 1929 it had risen to \$100 billion. (3) _____ made rapid industrial growth possible. Many businesses hired experts to study how goods could be produced more quickly. This approach, called (4) _____, became widespread. By adopting new work methods, businesses sought to lower costs and increase (5) _____. Companies took steps, known as (6) _____, which were designed to link workers more closely to the company they worked for. An increasing demand for appliances led to reduced production costs and (7) _____.

The Automobile Age

In the 1920's (8) _____, became the automobile manufacturing center of the world. (9) _____ manufactured the affordable Model T. By the mid-1920s, other models challenged the Model T. By the mid-1920's other models challenged the Model T.



The automobile spurred the growth of businesses located along highways. The steel, rubber, and (10)_____ industries grew, and the oil industry shifted from producing lubricants to (11)_____. Not all Americans shared in the prosperity of the 1920s. When the war ended, (12)_____ had to compete with European agriculture again. Workers in coal mining and railroad industries had a difficult time as (13)_____ took business from railroads and (14)_____ replaced coal as a power source.